

30:70 UK:OVERSEAS EQUITY FUND

Fund objective

This Life Fund invests in an underlying fund managed by BlackRock. The investment objective of the fund is to achieve a return on your investment through a combination of capital growth and income by tracking closely the performance of the 30:70 Global Equity Sterling-Hedged Composite Index (the Benchmark Index) with a 30% allocation to United Kingdom (UK) equity securities (e.g. shares) and 70% allocation to overseas (non-UK) equity securities (which includes a 10% allocation to emerging market equities) with 95% of non-UK overseas developed equities currency exposure hedged back to Sterling. This will be achieved by investing so far as possible and practicable 90% of the Fund's assets in the equity securities of companies which make up the FTSE UK All Share Index (the FTSE UK All Share Index) and the FTSE Custom Developed ex UK Canada, Israel and S Korea Net Tax (UK Pension) 95% Hedged to GBP Index (the FTSE Custom Developed Index) and foreign exchange (FX) forward contracts in order to hedge 95% of the non-UK overseas developed equities currency exposure back to Sterling, the base currency of the Fund. 33.3% of the 90% will be allocated to the FTSE All Share Index. 66.7% of the 90% will be allocated to the FTSE Custom Developed Index. Hedging aims to reduce the effect of fluctuations in the exchange rates between the currencies of the non-UK developed equity securities that make up the FTSE Custom Developed Index and Sterling. The Fund will seek to invest a target allocation of 10% of its assets in units in collective investment schemes providing exposure to emerging market equities which aim to track the performance of the MSCI Emerging Markets index. The Fidelity fund invests in the underlying fund through a reinsurance policy with BlackRock.

Risk factors

The value of your investments may go down as well as up and you may not get back the amount invested.

Fund specific risk factors (see overleaf)

2: Derivative exposure, 3: Efficient portfolio management, 6: Exchange rate, 16: Solvency of depositary, 17: Solvency of issuers

As this is a new fund or share class, performance figures will not be available until this fund has been running for a full year. Fund holdings and fund breakdown data will be available once the fund has been running for a full calendar quarter.

Performance as at 30.11.2020

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.

Yearly performance

| | 1 Dec 2015 to 30 Nov 2016 | 1 Dec 2016 to 30 Nov 2017 | 1 Dec 2017 to 30 Nov 2018 | 1 Dec 2018 to 30 Nov 2019 | 1 Dec 2019 to 30 Nov 2020 |
|-----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Fund | 7.7% | 19.7% | -0.9% | 13.0% | 5.2% |
| Benchmark | 8.2% | 19.7% | 0.0% | 12.1% | 5.8% |

Annualised performance

| | 1 Year | 3 Years | 5 Years | Since Launch |
|-----------|--------|---------|---------|--------------|
| Fund | 5.2% | 5.6% | 8.7% | 10.3% |
| Benchmark | 5.8% | 5.9% | 9.0% | 10.3% |

Figures reflect the return on investment after the fund's charges have been deducted.

Fund footnote: This fund is part of the long-term pension business of FIL Life Insurance Limited. Performance is calculated on a NAV to NAV basis. Before 31/10/2020 the performance data is simulated based on the historical returns of the BlackRock ACS (30:70) Global Equity Currency Hedged Index Fund. Source: Fidelity. Datasource :FIL (Net of Fees)

Benchmark footnote: 30:70 Global Equity Sterling-Hedged Composite Index (the Benchmark Index) with a 30% allocation to United Kingdom (UK) equities and 70% allocation to overseas (non-UK) equities (which includes a 10% allocation to emerging market equities). Source: Blackrock

Fund facts

Benchmark

30:70 Global Equity Sterling-Hedged Composite Index (the Benchmark Index) with a 30% allocation to United Kingdom (UK) equities and 70% allocation to overseas (non-UK) equities (which includes a 10% allocation to emerging market equities)

| | |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Fund size | New fund |
| Launch date | 21/10/2020 |
| Base currency | GBP |
| Annual management charge | 0.280% |
| Other charges | 0.010% |
| Total Expense Ratio | 0.290% |

The total expense ratio (TER) is a measure of the total costs associated with managing and operating an investment fund. The charges are reflected in the quoted unit/share price for the fund and are not deducted directly from your account. A full explanation of fund charges can be found in your plan literature.

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| SEDOL number | BNGFWZ8 |
| ISIN number | GB00BNGFWZ88 |
| Fund management style | Passive |

The majority of our funds will not be available for review on external fund websites by searching for the ISIN or SEDOL numbers.

Risk rating

Lower risk/return

Higher risk/return



M2 - Medium-Higher risk/return

The potential for capital growth is higher than the medium risk/return category, but risk is increased. Funds in this category can often experience large fluctuations in value, either up or down, especially in the shorter term.

Risk ratings on this factsheet are assigned by Fidelity. They are an indication only and take into account the volatility of the underlying fund, based on past performance (where this is available), and an internal assessment of the underlying asset types in the fund. Ratings may change, do not imply or offer any guarantee, and only apply to, and in comparison with, the funds made available by Fidelity's DC business.

30:70 UK:OVERSEAS EQUITY FUND

Risk factors explained

- 1: Concentrated portfolio.** The fund may invest in a relatively smaller number of stocks. This stock concentration may carry more risk than funds spread across a larger number of companies.
- 2: Derivative exposure.** The fund invests in derivatives as part of its investment strategy, over and above their use for efficient portfolio management. Investors should be aware that the use of these instruments can, under certain circumstances, increase the volatility and risk profile of the fund beyond that expected of a fund that only invests in equities. The fund may also be exposed to the risk that the company issuing the derivative may not honour their obligations which in turn could lead to losses arising.
- 3: Efficient portfolio management.** The fund may use other investment instruments apart from / or in place of the actual underlying securities. This is done in order to manage the fund in a more efficient fashion. Examples of these other instruments could be options, derivatives or warrants. The process of using these instruments in the fund is referred to as efficient portfolio management. These instruments can be used to effectively take a position (or reduce an existing position) in a share or index, allowing positions to be altered more quickly and cost effectively than dealing directly in the underlying investment, but are not generally used to try and magnify returns. However, investors should be aware that the use of these instruments can, under certain circumstances, increase volatility and risk beyond that expected of a fund that only invests in conventional equities.
- 4: Emerging markets.** The fund invests in emerging markets. There is an increased chance of political and economic instability with less reliable custody, dealing and settlement arrangements. The market(s) can be less liquid. If a fund investing in markets is affected by currency exchange rates, the investment could either increase or decrease. These investments, therefore, carry more risk.
- 5: Ethical restrictions.** The fund is unable to invest in certain sectors and companies due to the ethical criteria used to select investments for the fund.
- 6: Exchange rate.** The fund may invest in securities denominated in currencies that are different to the fund currency. The value of investments and any income from them may, therefore, decrease or increase as a result of changes in exchange rates between currencies.
- 7: Geared investments.** The fund focuses on geared investments. Funds which focus on geared investments such as warrants or options carry a higher degree of risk than other equity investments because of the risk of the underlying investments. It is possible that the fund may suffer sudden and large falls in value so that the short fall on cancellation, or the loss of the realisation on the investment could be very high and could even equal the amount invested, in which case you would get nothing back.
- 8: High yield bonds.** The fund invests in high yield bonds. High yield bonds carry a greater risk of default than investment grade bonds, and economic conditions and interest rate movements will have a greater effect on their price. Income levels may not be achieved and the income provided may vary.
- 9: Specialist.** The fund is specifically aimed at sophisticated investors and is particularly high risk, because it concentrates on a region that may be exposed to unusual political or economic risks. You should only invest if you are comfortable with the specific risks pertaining to the fund in question.
- 10: Income eroding capital growth.** The fund focuses on income which may reduce the prospect of capital growth. Any income generated cannot generally be withdrawn from a pension account until retirement and will be reinvested in the fund.
- 11: Liquidity.** The fund can suffer from partial or total illiquidity, which may lead to considerable price fluctuations and the inability to redeem your investment. This could affect you, for example, when you are close to retirement.
- 12: Performance charges.** The fund makes charges that depend on the fund's performance.
- 13: Property funds.** The fund invests directly in physical property. Due to the illiquid nature of the underlying assets, there may be delays in completing your instructions to sell. In exceptional circumstances, the manager of the fund has the authority to stop investors from selling some or all of their holdings in the fund. This could affect you, for example when you are close to retirement, as it may be difficult to sell the units you hold in such funds. Any decision to invest in physical property should be carefully considered in line with your planned retirement goals. The value of physical property is generally a matter of a valuer's opinion rather than fact. Property transaction costs are high (typically around 5% or higher due to legal costs, valuations and stamp duty) and as such you may receive a value that is lower than anticipated.
- 14: Sector specific funds.** The fund invests in specific sectors. Funds which invest in specific sectors may carry more risk than those spread across a number of different sectors. They may assume higher risk, as markets/sectors can be more volatile. In particular, gold, technology funds and other focused funds can suffer as the underlying stocks can be more volatile and less liquid.
- 15: Smaller companies.** The fund invests in smaller companies. Smaller companies' shares can be more volatile and less liquid than larger companies' shares, so smaller company funds can carry more risk.
- 16: Solvency of depositary.** The value of the fund may be affected if any of the institutions with which cash is deposited becomes insolvent or experiences other financial difficulties.
- 17: Solvency of issuers.** The fund invests in bonds and there is a risk that the issuer may default, resulting in a loss to the portfolio.
- 18: Volatility.** Investments in the fund tend to be volatile and investors should expect an above-average price increase or decrease.

This fund is part of the long-term pension business of FIL Life Insurance Limited. Contributions may be allocated to funds of FIL Life Insurance Limited (FIL Life). FIL Life may invest into funds managed by non-Fidelity fund managers or be reinsured by non-Fidelity life insurance companies. The name of the non-Fidelity insurance company or fund manager will normally be shown in the name of the FIL Life fund. Issued by FIL Life Insurance Limited. Authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority. Registered in England and Wales No. 3406905. Registered offices at: Beech Gate, Millfield Lane, Lower Kingswood, Tadworth, Surrey, KT20 6RP. Fidelity, Fidelity International, the Fidelity International logo and F symbol are trademarks of FIL Limited. DCSO3831
KYAC

